Priya Narasingarao

Office: Humanities and Social Sciences 1145D

Email: pnarasingarao@ucsd.edu

Office hours: Mondays 2pm to 3pm

Lecture: Mon/Wed/Fri - 1:00pm to 1:50pm in York Hall 4080A **Labs**: Wed/Fri - 2pm to 6 pm in York Hall 2310 and 2332

Teaching Assistants

Sara Jane Mangosing - smangosi@ucsd.edu

Byron Pedler - bpedler@ucsd.edu

Course Structure:

This course will introduce you to the fundamentals of microbiology and allow you to explore the many ways in which microbes affect and are used in our lives. We begin the course with a foundation in basic techniques such as sterile techniques, microscopy, methods of quantitating microbes, and preparing and examining stained slides. The remaining duration of the course will comprise four main units: a comprehensive look at bacterial physiology, understanding the complex microbial community of soil, metagenomics as a tool in exploring complex communities, and the use of microbes in various aspects of our lives. Each of these units comprises several multi-day experiments and there will be considerable overlap in the execution, methodology, and analysis of data from each of these units. Throughout the course, you will also receive training in accurate data entry and analysis, scientific reasoning, and in clear and concise scientific writing.

Equipment:

For this lab you will need to purchase:

- A lab notebook WITH carbon copies.
- A lab coat; and,
- Eye protection (you may wear either safety glasses or goggles, but standard prescription eye glasses are not sufficient).

Attendance and Absences:

- Your attendance is required at EVERY lab and through the entire lab period, until all the experimental work for the day is completed.
- Absences will NOT be treated lightly. The labs are set up for groups of two or more and your absence will place an unnecessary burden on your partner. There are no make up labs and you

- will not be allowed in the lab on non-lab days or in the other Micro lab sections, although you may be asked to make up the work from the day you missed.
- Documentation will be required for all unavoidable absences.
- If you are likely to have interviews for graduate school, etc., please schedule them on non-lab days.
- All absences without prior notification/permission and the appropriate paperwork will be considered unauthorized.
- 50-point penalty for the first unauthorized, unexplained absence from the lab. If there is a second such absence, you will be asked to drop the course.
- If you are ill on a lab day or have an emergency, e-mail or call (instructor or lab partner) before the start of the lab. If you are ill enough to miss lab you must go to the student health center and provide documentation of your illness.

Assignment Deadlines and Submission:

- 1. A hard copy of each lab report is due in the first 20 minutes of the lecture period of the day on which your report is due. Check with your instructor as to where the report should be turned in. Reports turned in more than 20 minutes after the start of class will be considered late. Penalty for late reports will be 10% for each day late.
- 2. In addition to the hard copy of the report, you are required to submit an electronic copy to Turnitin.com. A link to the e-submission website will be provided on WebCT. Failure to submit on Turnitin.com will results in 0 (zero points) recorded for that report. Check the deadline of the Turnitin.com submission and make sure you adhere to it. Students agree that by taking this course all required papers would be subject to review for textual similarity by Turnitin.com for the detection of plagiarism. All submitted papers will be included as source documents in the Turnitin.com reference database solely for the purpose of detecting plagiarism of such papers. Use of the Turnitin.com service is subject to the terms of use agreement posted on the Turnitin.com site.
- 3. Additional points may be taken for late electronic submissions.

Regrade Requests:

All regrade requests should be submitted in writing within one week of receiving the graded material.

Grading scheme:

Note Book (5 random checks at 10 points each)	50
Pop quizzes (6 pop quizzes at 5 points each)	30
Lab performance and participation	20
Home works (8)	100
Lab report - 1	25
Lab Report - 2	100
Lab Report -3	100
Midterms I	50
Midterm II	50
Midterm III	75
Total points	600
Midterms I Midterm II Midterm III	50 50

Final grade:

The final grade is based on a straight average of your scores.

97 + = A +

93-96 = A

90-92 = A-

87-89 = B+

83-86 = B

80-82 = B-

76-79 = C+

70-75 = C

68-70 = C-

60-68 = D

Less than 60 = F

How to use your notebook

Table of contents

Start a new page each day ... and for each experiment.

Do not leave pages blank to fill in later. You may not record data retroactively.

For each experiment, include:

Purpose of experiment

Procedure

Outline, or page from which protocol was taken

Note any changes

Note who did which part of the procedure

- who inoculated controls, etc

Note which organisms you used

- name and species of the controls, etc

Record any errors

Observations

Write

Draw

Questions and connections

Conclusion or summary

Answer any questions in the manual or that were raised in class.

Lab Performance and Participation

In addition to quizzes, midterms, lab reports and assignments, student evaluations will be based on the following criteria:

- 1. Lab techniques will be evaluated in class
- 2. Lab workshop participation

Subjective student evaluations will be based on the following criteria:

- 3. Pre-lab preparation
- 4. Careful management of lab procedures (e.g., sterile technique, proper waste disposal, experimental procedures, etc.)

- 5. Ability to adapt to unforeseen procedural changes
- 6. Caliber of thinking before asking questions
- 7. Scientific approach (e.g., proper use of notebooks, controls, experimental design)
- 8. Accuracy
- 9. Independence
- 10. Safety consciousness
- 11. General neatness in lab

Please note: You will be expected to get into the habit of methodical, well-planned and organized work by the mid-term. This will help you with the experiments in the second half of the course.

Course Website

This course is on WebCT (https://webctweb.ucsd.edu) and should automatically appear on your WebCT account as soon as you register for the class. We will use WebCT to post information on experiments, exams, schedules, readings and practice material, experimental data, report guidelines, etc. We strongly encourage you to use the Discussion board to post questions or answers to questions and to use it as a forum for exploring the material. The TAs and I will routinely check this website and answer any questions but feel free to respond as well. This website will also be used to post any announcements that pertain to the entire class. Please check the site regularly and update yourself on the information provided.

University Policy on Integrity of Scholarship

The principle of honesty must be upheld if the integrity of scholarship is to be maintained by an academic community. The University expects that both faculty and students will honor his principle and in so doing protect the validity of University grading. This means that all academic work will be done by the student to whom it is assigned, without unauthorized aid of any kind. Instructors, for their part, will exercise care in planning and supervising academic work, so that honest effort will be encouraged.

Student Responsibility:

Students are expected to complete the course in compliance with the instructor's standards. No student shall engage in any activity that involves attempting to receive a grade by means other than honest effort; for example:

- o No student shall knowingly procure, provide, or accept any unauthorized material that contains questions or answers to any examination or assignment to be given at a subsequent time.
- o No student shall complete, in part or in total, any examination, or assignment for another person.
- No student shall knowingly allow any examination or assignment to be completed, in part or in total, for himself or herself by another person.
- No student shall plagiarize or copy the work of another person and submit it as his or her own work.
- If any work is plagiarized from that of another student, both students will be reported to the
 Office of Academic Integrity, even if one of the students has graduated already. Remember that
 most graduate schools check the undergraduate records for any indications of dishonesty before
 awarding a degree.

- No student shall alter graded class assignments or examinations and then resubmit them for regrading.
- No student shall submit substantially the same material in more than one course without prior authorization.

Lab	Date	Experiment	Reports, Midterms, Reminders
Lab 1	Tues/Wed Jan 10/11	 Registration, attendance, safety video, responsibility agreements, introductory remarks, Safety lecture Sterile technique. Microbes in the environment Why wash your hands? Use of pipettors: Demo and exercise Plant pathogen interaction: Inoculate Kalanchoe plant with Agrobacterium 	HW 1 due: pre- workshop library survey
Lab 2	Thurs/Fri	Sterile technique.	
	Jan 12/13	 Microbes in the environment: Observe results E.coli and toilet paper experiment: Observe results Aseptic technique: streak and spread plates Demo Lab exercise using a mixed bacterial culture Microscopy: Learning to focus the light microscope Demo Lab exercise using prepared (commercial) slides Cleaning your microscope – demo and completion 	

Lab 3	Tues/Wed	Microscopy:	HW2 due – table
	Jan 17/18	5. Calibrating your microscope: Demo and complete	
	<i>34</i> 11 177 10	6. Making a wet mount and Phase Contrast Microscopy: Wet	
		7. mounts and phase contrast:- view, identify, and measure (all with Hay Infusion)	
		Understanding dilutions:	
		1. Understanding dilutions- theory	
		Measuring microbial growth: Yeast	
		2. Direct counts using a hemocytometer	
		3. Using a spectrophotometer	
		Counting viable cells using plating	
Lab 4	Thurs/Fri	Microscopy:	
	Jan 19/20	Continue/complete all wet mounts (all other bacterial and yeast)	
		Microsopy: Staining	
		1. Smear preparation and simple staining	
		2. Gram stain: control organisms only	
		Characterizing the Test Organisms:	
		Introduction : Receive 2 test organisms and 2 unknown organisms per group of 4: make a wet	
		mount, streak plate with organisms	

		Winogradsky column	
		Understanding the set up, a first look	
Lab 5	Tues/Wed	Characterization of the Test Organisms	HW3 due – review paper
	Jan 24/25	Streak stock TSS slant, do wet mounts from both temperatures	
		Microscopy: Staining	
		1. Complete staining of designated Gram positive and Gram	
		2. negative controls	
		Characterization of the Test Organisms	
		3. Gram stain	
		4. MacConkey – inoculate along with known G+ and G- organisms	
		5. Sticky test along with known G+ and G- organisms	
		6. Endospore test – inoculate NSM	
		Macronutrient use – how organisms get energy to survive:	
		Introduction: Hydrolysis and use of large extracellular materials	
		1. Polysaccharides: Starch plates - inoculate	
		2. Proteins: Skim milk plates and gelatin deeps - inoculate	
		3. Lipids: Rhodamine plates - inoculate	
Lab 6	Thurs/Fri	Inoculation of control organisms (to create fresh stocks):	York 3010 confirmed
	Jan 26/27	4. Enterobacter aerogenes	
		5. Escherichia coli	
		6. Proteus vulgaris	

		Inoculate 1 TSS or TSA of each per aisle. These slants will be used for the controls for the urease test on Lab 7	
		Data Analysis Workshop:	
Lab 7	Tues/Wed	Characterization of the Test Organisms	Mid -term I
	Jan 31/Feb	1. NSM – Complete	
	1	Macronutrient use – how organisms get energy to survive	
		2. Polysaccharides: Starch plates - complete	
		3. Proteins: Skim milk plates and gelatin deeps - complete	
		Lipids: Rhodamine plates – complete	
		Special metabolic functions: Test organisms only	
		Indole production from tryptophan, catabolite repression – inoculate	
		Urease test – inoculate	
		Differential utilization of citrate by enterics - inoculate	
		How energy is produced – aerobic vs. anaerobic breakdown	
		of organic compounds	
		1. Acid and gas production from sugar fermentation – inoculate	
		Methyl-Red and Voges-Proskauer – inoculate	
Lab 8	Thurs/Fri	Fundamentals of library research: 90 minute hands on workshop	Workshop in York 3010
	Feb 2/3	Characterization of the Test Organisms:	confirmed
		How energy is produced – aerobic vs. anaerobic breakdown	Lab in usual location
		of organic compounds	

Lab 9	Tues/Wed Feb 7/8	Characterization of the Test Organisms: How energy is produced – aerobic vs. anaerobic breakdown	HW4 due – online library tutorial and quiz
		controls for the nitrate test on Lab 9	
		Inoculate 1 TSS slant of each per aisle. These slants will be used for the	
		8. Pseudomonas aeruginosa	
		7. Escherichia coli	
		Inoculate 1 TSS or TSA of each per aisle. These slants will be used for the controls for the Cyto C and catalase tests on Lab 9	
		6. Staphylococcus epidermidis Inacylota 1 TSS or TSA of each per cicle. These slents will be used for the	
		5. Enterococcus faecalis	
		4. Pseudomonas fluorescens	
		3. Escherichia coli	
		Inoculation of control organisms (to create fresh stocks):	
		Differential utilization of citrate by enterics – complete	
		• Urease test – complete	
		• complete	
		Indole production from tryptophan, catabolite repression –	
		Special metabolic functions: Test organisms only	
		2. catalase)	
		1. T-streak plate for fresh isolated colonies (for Cyto C and	
		3. Methyl-Red and Voges Proskauer – complete	
		2. Acid and gas from sugar fermentation - complete	

		of organic compounds
		Oxygen requirements – inoculate thioglycolate tube
		• H ₂ S production – inoculate
		Cytochrome C test – complete
		Catalase test – complete
		Nitrate reduction – inoculate
		Winogradsky column: preliminary observations
		Additional Lecture and Review: Tues sections, room 3406 York; Wed sections, room 1310 York
		Students come in on non lab day to check thioglycolate tube and Kligler iron deep
Lab 10	Thurs/Fri	Characterization of the Test Organisms:
	Feb 9/10	Motility – inoculate plate and deep with test organism
		How energy is produced – aerobic vs. anaerobic breakdown
		of organic compounds
		Oxygen requirements –complete
		Nitrate reduction – complete
		• H ₂ S production – complete test
		Survival in extreme conditions:
		• Low pH
		• High pH

• Low town
• Low temp
High temp
High salt 20% NaCl
Moderate salt 5% NaCl
• Control
inoculate appropriate broth with test organism
Soil Enumeration and Enrichment: First lab period:
Simple Enumeration: Serial dilution, plating on TSA, SDA, GAA, and MacConkey
Extracellular degradation:
Enumeration : Serial dilution and plating of soil sample on minimal media + skim milk plates
Enrichment of soil organisms: inoculation of minimal media
skim milk with soil
• Extreme Conditions:
Enumeration: Serial dilution and plating of soil sample on TSA or
TSA + low pH plates as assigned; incubation at assigned temperature.
Enrichment of soil organisms: inoculation of TSB or TSB +
low pH as assigned; incubation at assigned temperature
Non lab day: TAs set up subculture of enrichments: Tues/Thurs TAs - Sat and Mon; Wed/Fri TAs – Sun and Tues

Lab 11	Tues/Wed	Characterization of the Test Organisms:	Lab Report 1 due
	Feb 14/15	Motility – complete	
		Survival in extreme conditions:	
		1. Score growth/no growth in each tube	
		Soil Enumeration and Enrichment: Second lab period	
		Simple Enumeration: Colony counts and calculations	
		Extracellular degradation:	
		Enumeration: test differential media, count, and calculate	
		Enrichment: serial dilution and plating; centrifuge cell	
		suspension and freeze pellet	
		Extreme conditions	
		Enumeration: Colony counts and calculations	
		Enrichment: serial dilution and plating; centrifuge cell	
		suspension and freeze pellet	
		Nitrogen fixation: Free-living - Anabaena	
		• Inoculate BG11 and BG11-0 with Anabaena	
Lab 12	Thurs/Fri	Soil Enumeration and Enrichment: Third lab period	HW5 due- Dilution
	Feb 16/17	Extracellular degradation:	problem
		Enrichment: test differential media, count, and calculate	

		Extreme conditions	
		Enrichment: Colony counts and calculations	
		Metagenomics: First lab period	
		Step 1: Chromosomal DNA preps from frozen cell pellets from various soil enrichments	
		Step 2: Set up 16S rRNA PCR	
		Screening for Antibiotic Producers: grid plates	
Lab 13	Tues/Wed	Metagenomics: Second lab period	Midterm 2 in lab
	Feb 21/22	 Step 3: Run gel and evaluate PCR results Step 4: Purify PCR product Screening for Antibiotic Producers: Identify antibiotic producers, measure ZOI Evaluation of antibiotics by the Kirby Bauer method Spread plates with standards and test efficiency of antibiotics 	Receive HW 6 worksheets
		Non lab period: TAs run gel of purified PCR product and set up ligations (Step 5 of Metagenomics)	
Lab 14	Thurs/Fri	Metagenomics: Third lab period	Computer lab –
	Feb 23/24	• Step 6: Transform ligations and plate on selective media Evaluation of Antibiotics by the Kirby Bauer Method	complete elimination tree for Lab Report 2
		Measure ZOI, identify any resistant colonies	HW6 due - worksheets
		Characterization of a Test Organism:	
		Each group or set of groups outlines and explains characteristics of	

		their assigned test organism	
		Create elimination flow chart for identification of genera	
Lab 15	Tues/Wed	Metagenomics: Fourth lab period	Work on HW 7 in lab,
	Feb 28/29	Step 7: Select white colonies and streak out for sequencing	complete after lab
	100 20/29	Growth curve experiment	
		Growth and graphing of Vibrio natriegens	
Lab 16	Thurs/Fri	Transposon mutagenesis: Lab Period 1	Room and computer
	Mar 1/2	Step 1: Set up conjugation of <i>E.coli</i> and <i>Salmonella</i>	lab?
		Yogurt: Inoculate milk with starter yogurt	Lab Report 2 due
		Winogradsky column: Second observation	
		Metagenomics: Analysis of sample sequence data and sample construction	
		of phylogenetic tree– computer lab	
Lab 17	Tues/Wed	Transposon mutagenesis: Lab Period 2	Computer lab
	Mar 6/7	Step 2: Plate exconjugants for selection and counterselection	HW7 due – growth
		Save LB recipient control plates for later use	curve
		Yogurt: measure pH, gram stain	
		Metagenomics: Step 8: Begin/complete analysis of all sequences,	
		construction of phylogenetic trees.	
Lab 18	Thurs/Fri	Transposon mutagenesis: Lab Period 3	Computer lab
	Mar 8/9	Count colonies and calculate transposition efficiency	
	21202 019	• Step 3: Screen transposants (mutants) for loss of function mutations	

		Nitrogen Fixation	
		1. Free-living: <i>Anabaena</i> : check for heterocysts	
		2. Symbiotic: <i>Rhizobium</i> : Observe nodules	
		Plant Pathogen	
		1. Observe <i>Agrobacterium</i> -kalanchoe interaction	
		2. Metagenomics : Complete analysis/discussion of all sequences	
Lab 19	Tues/Wed	Transposon mutagenesis: Lab Period 4	HW8 due – Post
	Mar 13/14	Check screens	workshop library survey
	1 VI aI 13/14	Streak out mutants on LB/TSA plate for future use	
		Winogradsky column	
		Observation and sampling	
		Check out	
		Review	
Lab 20	Thurs/Fri	Midterm 3 will be held during normal lecture or lab hours.	Midterm 3
	Mar 15/16		
	Mon Mar 19	Mon March 19 th 1 pm (Mon of finals week) – Lab Report 3 due	