

ECONOMICS 100B: MICROECONOMICS

Fall 2019

MWF 12:00-12:50, SOLIS 104

Maxim Sinitsyn, msinitsyn@ucsd.edu

Office Hours: Th 2-4 in Econ 111

Discussion Sessions:

A01 WLH 2204; Th 7:00pm-7:50pm

A02 WLH 2204; Th 8:00pm-8:50pm

TA (Office hours in PSET lab, see below)

Aleksandr Levkun (alevkun@ucsd.edu)

Malte Lammert (mlammert@ucsd.edu)

Wendy Zeng (w5zeng@ucsd.edu)

Jiaqi Mo (j9mo@ucsd.edu)

Thomas Zhang (tqzhang@ucsd.edu)

Course Objectives: Econ 100B analyzes the theory of the firm and markets when there is price taking behavior. Topics include the theory of production, commodity supply and input demand in competitive markets, and competitive market equilibrium.

Required Texts:

(1) Varian, H. R. 2014. *Intermediate Microeconomics with Calculus*. W. W. Norton & Company, Inc.

(2) Mark Machina's Econ 100ABC Math Handout.

Web Resources: You are encouraged to take advantage of the following supplemental material for the 100ABC sequence, available free over the Internet.

(1) Martin Osborne's intermediate mathematics tutorial:

<http://www.economics.utoronto.ca/osborne/MathTutorial/index.html>

(2) Preston McAfee's Introductory textbook (this material is at a level between most microeconomics principles textbooks and Perloff's more advanced treatment.) <http://www.introecon.com/>

Weekly Homework: Each week, I will post practice problems on TritonEd. They will not be graded. The best way to prepare for the exams is to form study groups and practice doing the problem sets together. I will post the answers after the problems are reviewed in TA sessions.

Exams: Grading will be based on two midterms (25% each) and a final examination (50%). The final exam will be cumulative. You must take both midterms. All exams are closed book, and you may not use notes, calculators and cell phones during the exams.

Regrade Requests: You will have one week during which you can request a regrade of your exam. Your whole exam will be regraded, and your score can go up or down. You are allowed only one regrade request for the quarter. However, if your request is successful (your score goes up), you will get another regrade request.

100B Problem Solving and Economics Tutoring Lab (PSET): Undergraduate and graduate TAs will be available to answer your questions in Econ 200 most evenings and on Sunday. In Econ 200 there is room for you to work on your homework and get your questions answered if you get stuck. We hope to offer PSET on MTWTh and on Sunday, but please check the web page for actual hours: <http://economics.ucsd.edu/undergraduate-program/courses/pset-lab.html>.

Schedule:

Week	Topic	Textbook Chapter	Video
1, 2	Theory of Production	Ch. 19	D1
Midterm 1, October 18			
3, 4	Theory of Cost	Ch. 22	D2
5, 6	Profit Maximization and Supply Under Perfect Competition	Ch. 23	D3
Midterm 2, November 22			
7	Demand for Factors of Production;	Ch. 16	E1
8	Equilibrium, Dynamics & Comparative Statics of Perfectly Competitive Markets		
9, 10	General Equilibrium	Ch. 32	E2
Final, December 12th, 11:30-1:30, TBA			

FAMOUS OPTIMIZATION PROBLEMS IN ECONOMICS

Optimization Problem	Objective Function	Constraint	Control Variables	Parameters	Solution Functions	Optimal Value Function
Consumer's Problem	$U(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ utility function	$p_1 \cdot x_1 + \dots + p_n \cdot x_n = I$ budget constraint	x_1, \dots, x_n commodity levels	p_1, \dots, p_n, I prices and income	$x_i(p_1, \dots, p_n, I)$ regular demand functions	$V(p_1, \dots, p_n, I)$ indirect utility function
Expenditure Minimization Problem	$p_1 \cdot x_1 + \dots + p_n \cdot x_n$ expenditure level	$U(x_1, \dots, x_n) = u$ desired utility level	x_1, \dots, x_n commodity levels	p_1, \dots, p_n, u prices and utility level	$h_i(p_1, \dots, p_n, u)$ compensated demand functions	$e(p_1, \dots, p_n, u)$ expenditure function
Labor/Leisure Decision	$U(H, I)$ utility function	$I = I_0 + w \cdot (168 - H)$ budget constraint	H, I leisure time, disposable inc.	w, I_0 wage rate and nonwage income	$168 - H(w, I_0)$ labor supply function	$V(w, I_0)$ indirect utility function
Consumption/Savings Decision	$U(c_1, c_2)$ utility function	$c_2 = I_2 + (1+i) \cdot (I_1 - c_1)$ budget constraint	c_1, c_2 consumption levels	I_1, I_2, i income stream and interest rate	$c_1(I_1, I_2, i), c_2(I_1, I_2, i)$ consumption functions	$V(I_1, I_2, i)$ indirect utility function
Long Run Cost Minimization	$w \cdot L + r \cdot K$ total cost	$F(L, K) = Q$ desired output	L, K factor levels	Q, w, r desired output and factor prices	$L(Q, w, r), K(Q, w, r)$ output-constrained factor demand functions	$LTC(Q, w, r)$ long run total cost function
Long Run Profit Maximization (in terms of Q)	$P \cdot Q - LTC(Q, w, r)$ total profit	none	Q output level	P, w, r output price and factor prices	$Q(P, w, r)$ long run supply function	$\pi(P, w, r)$ long run profit function
Long Run Profit Maximization (in terms of L and K)	$P \cdot F(L, K) - w \cdot L - r \cdot K$ total profit	none	L, K factor levels	P, w, r output price and factor prices	$L(P, w, r), K(P, w, r)$ factor demand functions	$\pi(P, w, r)$ long run profit function